CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Withdrawn – Currently Amended) A liquid pharmaceutical formulation for the prolonged release of interleukin(s), this formulation comprising an aqueous colloidal suspension of low viscosity based on submicronic particles of water - soluble biodegradable polymer which is a polyamino acid comprising aspartic units, glutamic units, or both aspartic and glutamic units, wherein at least one of said unit carries at least one graft comprising at least one hydrophobic group selected from the group consisting of α-tocopherol, cholesterol and n-dodecanol~~(PO) carrying hydrophobic groups (HG)~~, said particles being non - covalently associated with at least one active principle[[(AP)]],

wherein at least one of the active principle(s) is an interleukin,

wherein the dispersion medium of said aqueous colloidal suspension consists essentially of water,

wherein said formulation is capable of being injected parenterally and forming a gelled deposit *in vivo*,

wherein the formation of a gelled deposit is at least partly caused by at least one physiological protein present in vivo, and makes it possible to prolong and control the in vivo release time of the [[AP]]active principle beyond 24 h after administration,

wherein said formulation is liquid under the injection conditions, and does not form a gelled deposit at the physiological temperature and/or physiological pH and/or in the presence of: a physiological electrolyte in a physiological concentration, and/or at least one surfactant.

2. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 1, characterized in that its concentration of [[PO]]said polymer is set at a sufficiently high value to allow the formation of a gelled deposit in vivo after parenteral injection, in the presence of at least one physiological protein.

3. (Currently Amended) A liquid pharmaceutical formulation for the prolonged release of interleukin(s),

wherein said formulation is liquid in the ambient atmosphere and is liquid at physiological temperatures, at physiological pH, in the presence of a physiological electrolyte in a physiological concentration, or in the presence of at least one surfactant and makes it possible to prolong and control the *in vivo* release time of an interleukin beyond 24 h after administration,

and wherein said formulation comprises an aqueous colloidal suspension of low viscosity comprising submicronic particles of water - soluble biodegradable polymer[[PO]], wherein said submicronic particles are non - covalently associated with [[the]]an interleukin(s), and wherein the dispersion medium of the aqueous colloidal suspension of low viscosity consists consisting essentially of water, and

wherein [[the]]said polymer [[PO]]is a polyamino acid comprising aspartic units, glutamic units, or both aspartic and glutamic units, wherein at least one of said unit carries at least one graft comprising at least one hydrophobic group [[(GH)]]selected from the group consisting of α-tocopherol, cholesterol and n-dodecanol,

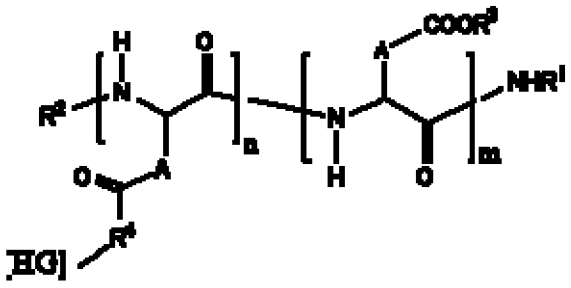
wherein the concentration of [[PO]]said polymer is greater than or equal to 0.9 C1 where C1 is the "induced gelling" concentration of the particles of [[PO]]said polymer, as measured in an [[IG]]induced gelling test.

4. (Cancelled)

5. (Previously Presented) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein the viscosity of the aqueous colloidal suspension is less than or equal to 5 Pa.s at 25°C.

6. (Cancelled)

7. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein [[the PO]]said polymer is defined by general formula (I) below:



wherein:

R1 is selected from the group consisting of: H, a linear C2 to C10 alkyl, a branched C3 to C10 alkyl, a benzyl, a terminal amino acid unit, and - R4 – [HG];

R2 is selected from the group consisting of: H, a linear C2 to C10 acyl, a branched C3 to C10 acyl group, a pyroglutamate, and - R4 - [HG];

R3 is H or a cationic entity selected from the group consisting of: sodium metal cations, potassium metal cations, calcium metal cations, magnesium metal cations, organic cations based on of amine, organic cations based on of oligoamine, organic cations based on of polyamine, organic cations of polyethylenimine, organic cations based on of amino acid(s), organic cations based on lysine, organic cations based on arginine, cationic polyamino acids comprising polylysine and, cationic polyamino acids comprising oligolysine;

R4 is a direct bond or a spacer based on 1 to 4 amino acid units;

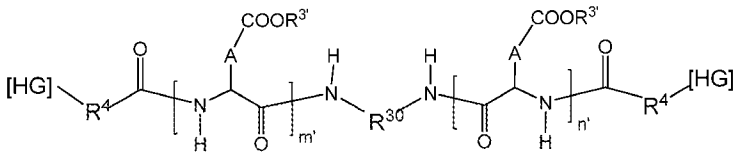
A independently is a radical - CH2 - (aspartic unit) or - CH2 - CH2 - (glutamic unit);

n/(n + m) is defined as the molar grafting rate and varies from 0.5 to 100 mol%;

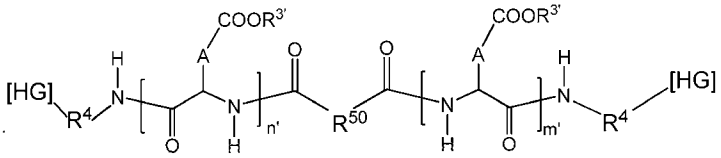
n + m varies from 10 to 1000; and

HG is a hydrophobic group.

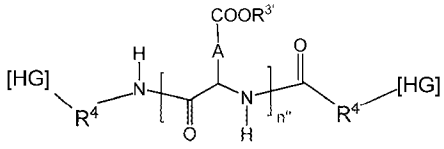
8. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein [[the PO]]<u>said polymer</u> has one of general formulae (II), (III) and (IV) below:



(II)



(III)



(IV)

wherein:

HG is a hydrophobic group;

R30 is a linear C2 to C6 alkyl group;

R3′ is selected from the group consisting of: H, sodium metal cations, potassium metal cations, calcium metal cations, magnesium metal cations, organic cations based on amine, organic cations based on oligoamine, organic cations based on polyamine, organic cations based on amino acid(s), organic cations based on lysine, organic cations based on arginine, cationic polyamino acids comprising polylysine, and cationic polyamino acids comprising oligolysine;

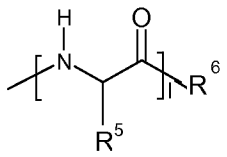
R50 is a C2 to C6 alkyl, dialkoxy, or diamine group;

R4 is a direct bond or a spacer based on 1 to 4 amino acid units;

A independently is a radical - CH2 - (aspartic unit) or - CH2 - CH2 - (glutamic unit); and

n' + m' or n" is defined as the degree of polymerization and varies from 10 to 1000.

9. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 7, wherein each [[HG]]hydrophobic group of [[the PO]]said polymer each independently of one another is a monovalent radical having the formula below:



[[(HG)]]

wherein:

R5 is selected from the group consisting of: a methyl group (alanine), an isopropyl group (valine), an isobutyl group (leucine), a sec - butyl group (isoleucine), and a benzyl group (phenylalanine);

R6 is a hydrophobic radical containing from 6 to 30 carbon atoms;

l varies from 0 to 6.

10. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 9, wherein at least one hydrophobic radical R6 of [[the PO]]said polymer is independently selected from the group of radicals consisting of:

a linear or branched alkoxy group containing from 6 to 30 carbon atoms;

a linear or branched alkoxy group containing (i) from 6 to 30 carbon atoms and (ii) at least one heteroatom, at least one unit of unsaturation, or both at least one heteroatom and at least one unit of unsaturation;

an alkoxy group containing 6 to 30 carbon atoms and having one or more fused carbocyclic ring,

an alkoxy group containing 6 to 30 carbon atoms, having one or more fused carbocyclic rings, and containing at least one unit of unsaturation, at least one heteroatom, or both at least one heteroatom and at least one unit of unsaturation;

an alkoxyaryl group or an aryloxyalkyl group having 7 to 30 carbon atoms; and

an alkoxyaryl group or an aryloxyalkyl group having 7 to 30 carbon atoms and containing at least one unit of unsaturation, at least one heteroatom, or both at least one heteroatom and at least one unit of unsaturation.

11. (Canceled)

12. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein the [[PO]]said polymer consists of an alpha - L - glutamate or alpha - L - glutamic homopolymer.

13. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein the [[PO]]said polymer consists of an alpha - L - aspartate or alpha - L - aspartic homopolymer.

14. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein the [[PO]]said polymer consists of an alpha - L - aspartate/alpha - L - glutamate or alpha - L - aspartic/alpha - L - glutamic copolymer.

15. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 14, wherein [[the PO]]said polymer comprises a distribution of aspartic units carrying at least one ~~HG unit~~hydrophobic group, glutamic units carrying at least one ~~HG unit~~hydrophobic group, or both aspartic units carrying at least one ~~HG unit~~hydrophobic group and glutamic units carrying at least one ~~HG unit~~hydrophobic group is such that the resulting polymer is random, of the block type, or of the multiblock type.

16. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 1, characterized in that the molecular weight of [[the PO]]said polymer is between 2000 and 100,000 g/mol.

17. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 7, wherein the hydrophobic ~~radical R6~~group is derived from tocopherol, and wherein

$1\% \leq [n/(n + m)] \times 100 \leq 10\%$, and

$n + m$ varies from 100 to 400.

18. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 7, wherein the hydrophobic ~~radical R6~~group is derived from cholesterol:

$1\% \leq [n/(n + m)] \times 100 \leq 10\%$, and

$n + m$ varies from 100 to 400.

19. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claims 17 or 18 wherein the concentration of said polymer [[PO]]is between 15 and 50 mg/ml.

20. (Previously Presented) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein the viscosity of the aqueous colloidal suspension is less than or equal to 5 Pa.s at 25°C.

21. (Canceled)

22. (Previously Presented) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein the % weight fraction of interleukin(s) not associated with the submicronic particles ≤ 1.

23. (Previously Presented) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein the interleukin is interleukin 2.

24. (Canceled)

25. (Previously Presented) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein said formulation is injectable by the parenteral route, by the subcutaneous route, by the intramuscular route, by the intradermal route, by the intraperitoneal route, by the intracerebral route, or into a tumour.

26. (Previously Presented) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein said formulation is intended for the preparation of drugs administered by the parenteral route, by the subcutaneous route, by the intramuscular route, by the intradermal route, by the intraperitoneal route, by the intracerebral route by the oral route, by the nasal route, by the vaginal route, by the ocular route, or into a tumour,.

27. (Withdrawn) A process for the preparation of drugs, particularly for administration by the parenteral, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intradermal, intraperitoneal or intracerebral route or into a tumour, or by the oral, nasal, vaginal or ocular route,

characterized in that it consists essentially in using at least one formulation according to claim 3.

28. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) A derived product, comprising submicronic particles formed of non - covalent [[PO]]said polymer /[[AP]]active principle associations as defined in claim 1.

29. (Withdrawn) The derived product according to claim 28, wherein said formulation comprises a powder or a gel.

30. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) A method for the preparation of the formulation according to claim 3, said method comprising the steps of:

preparing a colloidal suspension of nanoparticles comprising at least one [[PO]]said polymer,

mixing said colloidal suspension of nanoparticles comprising at least one [[PO]]said polymer with at least one interleukin and at least one additional active principle(s)[[(AP)]] in aqueous solution,

adding at least one excipient,

adjusting the pH, the osmolarity , or both, and

filtering the resulting suspension.

31. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) The method according to claim 30, characterized in that the at least one additional [[AP]]active principle is in the form of an aqueous suspension or solution.

32. (Withdrawn - Currently Amended) A method for the preparation of the formulation according to claim 3, said method comprising the steps of:

making a powder comprising at least one said polymer[[PO]],

mixing said powder with an aqueous suspension or solution comprising at least one interleukin and at least one additional active principle(s) in aqueous solution,

adding at least one excipient,

adjusting the pH, the osmolarity, or both, and

filtering the resulting suspension.

33. (Withdrawn) A method for the preparation of a pharmaceutical formulation said method comprising the steps of drying the liquid formulation according to claim 3 to produce a powder,

mixing said powder with an aqueous liquid medium

adding at least one excipient,

adjusting the pH, the osmolarity, or both, and

filtering the resulting suspension.

34. (Withdrawn) A method for the preparation of a powder pharmaceutical formulation said method comprising the step of drying the formulation according to claim 3.

35. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein the concentration of [[PO]]said polymer is greater than or equal to C1 and is less than or equal to 20.C1, where C1 is the "induced gelling" concentration of the particles of [[PO]]said polymer, as measured in an [[IG]]induced gelling test.

36. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 3, wherein the concentration of [[PO]]said polymer is greater than or equal to C1 and is less than or equal to 10.C1, where C1 is the "induced gelling" concentration of the particles of [[PO]]said polymer, as measured in an [[IG]]induced gelling test.

37. (Currently Amended) The formulation according to claim 7, wherein the molar grafting rate is sufficiently low for [[PO]]said polymer, dissolved in water at pH 7 and at 25°C, to form a colloidal suspension of submicronic particles of [[PO]]said polymer.

38. (Previously Presented) The formulation according to claim 7, wherein n/(n + m) is being between 1 and 25 mol%.

39. (Previously Presented) The formulation according to claim 7, wherein n/(n + m) is being between 1 and 15 mol%.

40. (Previously Presented) The formulation according to claim 7, wherein n + m is between 50 and 300.

41-42. (Canceled)